Customer Demo: Integration between SAP Business Workflow and BRFplus

Applies to
Integration scenarios of SAP Business Workflow and Business Rule Framework plus (BRFplus) based on SAP NetWeaver 7.02 SP6 or above.

Summary
This document describes a demo which in detail demonstrates the different integration scenarios between SAP Business Workflow and Business Rule Framework plus (BRFplus).

The demo shows how business logic defined in a BRFplus application can be used to control a workflow process. Furthermore, it demonstrates how existing workflow templates can be triggered out of a BRFplus application.

Authors: Csaba Korényi, Carsten Ziegler
Company: SAP AG
Created on: February 14 2011
Last updated: December 13 2013

About the Authors
Csaba Korényi is an Integration Development Consultant with the focus areas SAP NetWeaver Folders Management, SAP Business Workflow, and Business Rule Framework plus.

He has joined SAP in 2006. Since then he has been working in various internal and customer projects as application expert and project lead.

Carsten Ziegler is the Lead Architect and Product Owner of Business Rule Framework plus. He joined SAP in 2000. Since then he has been working in various projects as a developer, development architect and project lead.
# Table of Contents

Demo overview .................................................................................................................. 3  
  SAP Business Workflow.................................................................................................. 3  
  Business Rule Framework plus .................................................................................... 3  
  System requirements ...................................................................................................... 3  
  Context of the demo ...................................................................................................... 3  
The demo step-by-step .................................................................................................... 5  
Integration Aspects ......................................................................................................... 9  
  Integration of BRFplus into SAP Business Workflow .................................................. 9  
  Integration of SAP Business Workflow into BRFplus .................................................... 15  
Related Content ............................................................................................................. 18  
Copyright .......................................................................................................................... 19
Demo overview

The demo described in this document gives an overview of the existing integration possibilities between SAP Business Workflow and Business Rule Framework plus (BRFplus). In the following section, we give a short introduction into these two technical frameworks.

SAP Business Workflow

SAP Business Workflow can be used to define business processes that are not yet mapped in the SAP system. These may be simple release or approval procedures, or more complex business processes such as creating a material master and the associated coordination of the departments involved. SAP Business Workflow is particularly suitable for situations in which work processes have to be run through repeatedly, or situations in which the business process requires the involvement of a large number of agents in a specific sequence.

Business Rule Framework plus

BRFplus is the business rules system of SAP NetWeaver ABAP. It is a comprehensive framework which helps business and IT users to model rules used for automatic decision support in business cases of all kinds. In addition, a flexible open API facilitates experienced IT users to extend the framework to their specific needs. Advanced features such as browser-based UI, traceability, and simulation eases the effort and time invested in implementing policies and rules.

System requirements

- SAP NetWeaver 7.02 SP6 or above

Context of the demo

The demo simulates a leave request of an employee who is member of a financials department. If the planned time of absence is less than 30 days, the absence of the employee will only be approved or rejected by the manager (one-step approval). (To keep the demo simple, the time of absence will be calculated in calendar days between the first day and the last day of absence without taking weekends or public holidays into account.)

If the time of absence is 30 days or more, a two-step approval is needed. In this case, the leave request will first be sent to the supervisor of the employee. If the supervisor has approved, the leave request will be sent to the HCM department where a HCM clerk needs to make a second approval. If both the supervisor and the HCM department have approved the employee's leave request, and if the employee is working in the financials department, a second workflow will be triggered automatically with a message for the supervisor to take a temporary replacement of the employee into account.

The workflow ends if the leave request of the employee has been approved successfully or if, in the course of the process, either the supervisor or the HCM department rejects the employee's leave request. In case of rejection, the leave request will be automatically deleted by the system and an appropriate message will be sent to the workflow inbox of the employee.

In the following screenshots you can see the complete designs of the two mentioned workflows. First the main workflow, second the subworkflow for the temporary replacement message to the supervisor.
Figure 1: Design of the main workflow
The demo step-by-step

In this section, a high-level step-by-step description of the demo is given.

1. By using the transaction WF_BRF_LEAVE the employee creates a leave request.

![Figure 2: Design of the subworkflow](image)

![Figure 3: Create Notification of Absence](image)
2. In the background, the system calculates the overall days of absence using BRFplus and decides whether a one-step or a two-step approval is needed for the request. (The integration of the BRFplus application and the defined decision table is described in the next section.)

![Image](image1.png)

**Figure 4: BRFplus activity “Calculate Approval Steps”**

3. The leave request is sent to the supervisor of the employee. The supervisor (agent of the workflow step) is determined using a standard workflow rule (ID 168).

![Image](image2.png)

**Figure 5: Workflow activity for absence approval by manager**

4. The supervisor of the employee opens his Workflow Inbox using transaction SBWP and receives the leave request as a work item.

![Image](image3.png)

**Figure 6: Absence approval decision by manager**
After opening the work item, the supervisor can approve or reject the leave request. The long text of the work item provides all needed information (name of the employee, first and last day of absence, etc.).

5. If the supervisor rejects, the workflow ends and the request is deleted by the system. Additionally, an appropriate rejection message is sent to the employee's workflow inbox. If the supervisor approves, the next workflow step depends on the overall number of absence days, i.e. whether the workflow is in the one-step or in the two-step approval mode.

6. In case of a one-step approval process, a message is sent to the workflow inbox of the employee to let the requestor know that the supervisor has approved the request.

7. In case of a two-step approval process, a message is sent to the workflow inbox of the employee to let the requestor know that the supervisor (as the first approver) has approved the request and that the request has been forwarded to the HCM department for second approval.

The responsible HCM agents are determined using the organizational unit of the HCM department defined in Organizational Management in the SAP system.
8. All HCM clerks assigned to the HCM department in Organizational Management receive the leave request as a work item. Based on the Workflow Standard, the first clerk opening the work item becomes the owner of the request and the work item is automatically deleted from the Workflow Inbox of all other clerks.

9. If the HCM clerk rejects, the workflow ends and the request will be deleted by the system. Additionally an appropriate rejection message is sent to the employee's workflow inbox. If the HCM clerk approves, a message is sent to the workflow inbox of the employee to let the requestor know that both the supervisor and the HCM department have approved the request.
10. In the last step of the workflow, a second workflow using BRFplus is triggered if the employee works in the financials department. This workflow sends a message to the supervisor that recommends taking a temporary replacement into account. (The integration of the BRFplus application and the defined decision table is described in the next section.)

Integration Aspects

In this section, the integration aspects used in the demo between SAP Business Workflow and BRFplus is described in detail.

Integration of BRFplus into SAP Business Workflow

With SAP NetWeaver 7.02 SP6 or above, a workflow developer can create BRFplus activities in the workflow model. Generally, the workflow tasks behind BRFplus activities are automatically created by the system and are defined for background processing. Using this integration scenario, a BRFplus application can be inserted into the workflow logic within transaction SWDD (Workflow Builder).
In step 2 of the workflow process described above, a BRFplus activity is used to calculate the overall number of absence days and thus to decide whether the workflow will continue with the one-step or the two-step approval process. In section “Context of the demo” you have the full overview of the workflow, where you can see that in the two-step approval branch additional steps for the second approval will be performed.

To accomplish this, the following workflow container elements are imported into and exported from the particular BRFplus application:
Within the BRFplus application, the overall number of absence days is calculated with a custom formula "Days of Absence". Within this formula, the standard formula function for calculating time duration in days (DT_DURATION_DIFF_INT_DAYS) will be used as shown in the screenshot below.
This formula is then used in the custom decision table “Approval Steps” of the BRFplus application to define whether a one-step or a two-step approval is needed for the current leave request.

Figure 15: BRFplus formula “Days of Absence”

Figure 16: BRFplus decision table “Approval Steps”
Depending on the value of the returning parameter "Steps", the workflow continues with the branch for the one-step or for the two-step approval.

Note that data exchange between a workflow and a BRFplus function is supported for elementary data types only. Moreover, additional measures have to be taken for elementary data objects that have a slightly higher inner complexity, namely data objects of type amount, quantity, or timepoint. These data objects are considered as elementary, but actually consist of two components, namely a number plus a currency, unit of measure, or time unit, respectively. Mapping both fields of this kind of data objects from a workflow container to a corresponding BRFplus data object does not work properly. To overcome this problem, we recommend the following workaround (shown for an amount scenario that you can apply to quantities or timepoints accordingly):

1. In the workflow container, provide two separate fields for amount ("Amount") and currency ("Currency"). Assign them to data types CURR and CUKY. In case you have both fields in one structure it is important that the currency is not maintained as reference field for the amount. Otherwise, the currency field would vanish in the corresponding BRFplus structure.

2. In the signature of the generated BRFplus function, the two fields will appear as elements "Amount" of BRFplus type Amount and "Currency" of BRFplus type Text. However, you will notice that the currency field in the "Amount" remains empty when the BRFplus function is executed.

3. To ensure that you can work with the "Amount" without further restriction, you need to provide the currency information from the "Currency" field manually. We recommend using a formula expression in the first rule of the ruleset for this purpose. The formula may have the following appearance: AMOUNT = TO_AMOUNT ( TONUMBER ( AMOUNT ), CURRENCY ). The following three screenshots of function, a ruleset, and a formula expression demonstrate how this can be accomplished.

![Figure 17: BRFplus function with signature](image)
Figure 18: Ruleset with initial call of formula expression

Figure 19: Formula expression restoring a BRFplus Amount data object from the number part of an amount parameter and a currency provided in a separate parameter
Integration of SAP Business Workflow into BRFplus

The integration between SAP Business Workflow and BRFplus also works the other way around. This is shown in the demo as well. It is possible to trigger an existing workflow from a BRFplus application using the standard BRFplus action type “Start Workflow”.

In the demo, a workflow which informs the supervisor about the possible need of a temporary replacement is triggered after both parties (the supervisor and the HCM department) have approved the employee’s leave request and if the employee is working in the financials department.

To accomplish this, a BRFplus activity is included in step 10 of the workflow process described above. This activity is used to export the department information of the employee and the instance information (InstID, TypeID, CatID) of the corresponding leave request object into the BRFplus application.

![Diagram showing the workflow logic with a box highlighting the BRFplus activity](image)

Figure 20: BRFplus activity “Trigger subworkflow” within the workflow logic

The following workflow container elements are imported into and exported from the BRFplus application:
Within the BRFplus application, a custom Start Workflow action "Trigger subworkflow" is defined where the ID and the needed interface data of the second workflow (hiring information for manager) is defined.
In the custom decision table “Trigger subworkflow”, this action is triggered if the employee is working in the financials department.

Figure 22: BRFplus starts workflow activity “Trigger subworkflow”

Figure 23: BRFplus decision table “Trigger subworkflow”
Related Content


- Carsten Ziegler, *How to Create Formula Functions*, [http://www.sdn.sap.com/irj/scn/go/portal/prtroot/docs/library/uuid/10e9c96f-0c8b-2b10-6885-f00adbeb314b](http://www.sdn.sap.com/irj/scn/go/portal/prtroot/docs/library/uuid/10e9c96f-0c8b-2b10-6885-f00adbeb314b)


- Rajagopalan Narayanan, *Business Rules and Software Requirements*, [https://www.sdn.sap.com/irj/scn/go/portal/prtroot/docs/library/uuid/70c669d8-3ac2-2a10-0e96-c7c3786168f0](https://www.sdn.sap.com/irj/scn/go/portal/prtroot/docs/library/uuid/70c669d8-3ac2-2a10-0e96-c7c3786168f0)

