Using ALV with a Dynamic Context Node in Web Dynpro for ABAP

Release SAP NetWeaver 2004s
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Icons in Body Text

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Icon</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>🟠</td>
<td>Caution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🔴</td>
<td>Example</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⚫</td>
<td>Note</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🔴</td>
<td>Recommendation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>📱</td>
<td>Syntax</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Typographic Conventions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type Style</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>Example text</em></td>
<td>Words or characters quoted from the screen. These include field names, screen titles, pushbuttons labels, menu names, menu paths, and menu options. Cross-references to other documentation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Example text</strong></td>
<td>Emphasized words or phrases in body text, graphic titles, and table titles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EXAMPLE TEXT</td>
<td>Technical names of system objects. These include report names, program names, transaction codes, table names, and key concepts of a programming language when they are surrounded by body text, for example, SELECT and INCLUDE.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Example text</em></td>
<td>Output on the screen. This includes file and directory names and their paths, messages, names of variables and parameters, source text, and names of installation, upgrade and database tools.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Example text</em></td>
<td>Exact user entry. These are words or characters that you enter in the system exactly as they appear in the documentation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>&lt;Example text&gt;</code></td>
<td>Variable user entry. Angle brackets indicate that you replace these words and characters with appropriate entries to make entries in the system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EXAMPLE TEXT</td>
<td>Keys on the keyboard, for example, F2 or ENTER.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table of Contents

Copyright...................................................................................................................... 2
Icons in Body Text ............................................................................................................. 3
Typographic Conventions................................................................................................. 3
Table of Contents .............................................................................................................. 4
Task .................................................................................................................................. 5
Objectives..................................................................................................................... 5

Create a new Web Dynpro Component ........................................................................ 6
Procedure...................................................................................................................... 6

View for Entering DDIC Table...................................................................................... 6
Procedure...................................................................................................................... 6

Create and Test Web Dynpro Application .................................................................... 10
Procedure..................................................................................................................... 10

Author Bio................................................................................................................... 10
Using an ALV Table with Dynamic Context Nodes

In this tutorial the structure of the context is not known at design time, but at runtime. If an ALV table should be used to display a context node, which is built up at runtime, it is not possible to do external context mapping. This tutorial shows you how to handle the ALV table in combination with dynamic context nodes.

Task

The task of this simple tutorial is to let the user enter the name of a data dictionary table and then create dynamically the context node for this table and display it using the ALV.

Objectives

By the end of this tutorial, you will be able to:

✓ Using an ALV with dynamic context nodes

Knowledge

☐ Knowledge of ABAP OO programming language
☐ Basic knowledge of programming Web Dynpro applications
☐ Basic knowledge of ABAP workbench
Create a new Web Dynpro Component

This tutorial starts with the creation of a new Web Dynpro component called Z00_WDT_FLIGHTLIST_DYN.

Procedure

Start the ABAP Workbench (se80) and create the new Web Dynpro component Z00_WDT_FLIGHTLIST_DYN. Use MAIN as window name.

View for Entering DDIC Table

Inside the Web Dynpro component the view MAIN_VIEW is going to be created and the context is being set up for holding the input of the tablename.

Procedure

Create view MAIN_VIEW.

Create context element and layout for storing DDIC table entry.

In the view MAIN_VIEW create a context node INPUT with an attribute TABLENAME of type string.

Navigate to the layout tab and create the following elements:

- Group INPUTGROUP with caption text “Your Input”
- A label and an inputfield for the context attribute TABLENAME. Use text “Name of a DDIC table” for the label
- Button SHOW with text “Show table” and action SHOW
- View container UI element CONTAINER

Creating the Dynamic Context Node

Because we do not know the name and structure of the table before the user enters it at runtime, it is not possible to create the context node for the table at design time. Therefore we are now creating the coding for the dynamic table and context node creation.
Navigate into the event handler method `ONACTIONSHOW` of view `MAIN_VIEW` and create the dynamic context node `DYNAMIC_NODE` directly under the context root node.

```abap
ONACTIONSHOW()

METHOD onactionshow .

DATA:
  *   Node Info
      rootnode_info TYPE REF TO if_wd_context_node_info,
  *   Context Nodes
      dyn_node TYPE REF TO if_wd_context_node,
      tabname_node TYPE REF TO if_wd_context_node,
  *   String (for table name)
      tablename TYPE string.

  * get node info of context root node
  rootnode_info = wd_context->get_node_info( ).

  * Get the name of the table to be created
  tabname_node = wd_context->get_child_node( name = 'INPUT' ).
  tabname_node->get_attribute( EXPORTING name = 'TABLENAME' IMPORTING value = tablename ).
  TRANSLATE tablename TO UPPER CASE.

  * create sub node named TEST1 of structure (tablename)
  cl_wd_dynamic_tool=>create_nodeinfo_from_struct(
    parent_info = rootnode_info
    node_name = tablename
    structure_name = tablename
    is_multiple = abap_true ).

  [...]

The next step after having dynamically created the context node is to read the content of the database table and to bind it to the context node.

```abap
ONACTIONSHOW()

[...]

DATA: stru_tab TYPE REF TO data.

FIELD-SYMBOLS:
  <tab> TYPE table.

  * create internal table
  CREATE DATA stru_tab TYPE TABLE OF (tablename).
  ASSIGN stru_tab->* TO <tab>.

  * Get table content
  SELECT * FROM (tablename) INTO CORRESPONDING FIELDS OF TABLE <tab>.

  * get instance of new node
  dyn_node = wd_context->get_child_node( name = tablename ).

  * Bind internal table to context node.
  dyn_node->bind_table( <tab> ).
```
Define component usage SALV_WD_TABLE in view MAIN_VIEW.

Declare the usage of the ALV component inside component Z00_WDT_FLIGHTLIST_DYN:

```
Declare the usage of the ALV component inside view MAIN_VIEW:

Set Data to ALV for display (via ALV component interface method).

Instantiate the ALV component.

Instantiate the ALV component. Use the Web Dynpro code wizard:

Call interface method SET_DATA().

Pass the context node to the ALV (alternatively to the external context mapping for static context nodes).```
Use the Web Dynpro code wizard:

```plaintext
ON_ACTIONSHOW()

* Instantiate ALV component
DATA: l_ref_cmp_usage TYPE REF TO if_wd_component_usage.
   l_ref_cmp_usage = wd_this->wd_cpuse_alv( ).
   IF l_ref_cmp_usage->has_active_component( ) IS INITIAL.
      l_ref_cmp_usage->create_component( ).
   ENDIF.

* Pass context node to ALV
DATA: l_ref_interfacecontroller TYPE REF TO iwci_salv_wd_table .
   l_ref_interfacecontroller = wd_this->wd_cpifc_alv( ).
   l_ref_interfacecontroller->set_data( dyn_node ).
```

**Embed view TABLE of component SALV_WD_TABLE into own window.**

It’s not possible to display a view inside a browser, but a window. Therefore the just created MAIN_VIEW and the view TABLE of the ALV component have to be assigned to the window MAIN.

Navigate to the window and into tab window and embed view MAIN_VIEW into the window. Thereafter embed view TABLE of the ALV component into the view container ui element CONTAINER.

Activate your Web Dynpro component.
Create and Test Web Dynpro Application

Each Web Dynpro component needs a Web Dynpro application to be executed.

Procedure

Create a Web Dynpro application for your Web Dynpro component:

Test your Web Dynpro application. The result looks like the following:

Author Bio

Claudia Dangers is a senior development consultant in SAP's Software Technology and Development department. Since she joined SAP in 1999 she has worked on numerous projects and gained practical experience in ABAP and BSP development, in the creation of concepts, in coaching and code reviews, and as a sub-project lead and training instructor. Claudia is very interested in new technologies. Currently she is dealing with Web Dynpro ABAP, kernel-based BADI's and the Switch and Enhancement Framework.