# APO: Characteristics Based Forecasting



# **Applies to:**

SCM 5.0 APO Demand Planning. For more information, visit the Supply Chain Management homepage.

# **Summary**

Characteristics-Based Forecasting (CBF) is a powerful tool that enables you to forecast demand on both the product and the characteristics level. In the Automobile and high-tech industries, different combinations are possible. Obviously, it is not practicable to forecast and track all of these combinations. Although there may be many possible combinations, not all of these combinations are possible or you do not want to produce several combinations. In characteristics-based forecasting, you can produce demand plans for combinations of characteristic values or for individual values. You generally restrict the characteristics used in CBF to those that are important for planning purposes. CBF is integrated with the SAP APO Production Planning/Detailed Scheduling component, and can be procured or produced individual components based on the characteristics-based forecast. This article explains the process of characteristic based forecasting and its purpose and configuration.

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#### **Author Bio**

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#### **Business Scenario:**

In this Business Scenario Car is taken as configurable product. It has characteristics Color, Transmission and Trim with different values. The scenario is to forecast the demand for the product (Car), but also for the characteristic combinations or individual characteristic values for example particular colors (White, Black etc.) or particular Trims (4 Cylinder, 6 Cylinder etc.,). You need to know how many engines of a particular size or doors in a particular color are required in future. In an ERP system or in SAP APO, these features (color, engine, and trim in the above example) are referred to as characteristics. The characteristic values are for instance the colors red, green, and blue or the individual engine sizes. Some of the combinations (6 Cylinder Engine and Manual Transmission) are excluded from the forecasting.

#### Master Data in APO:

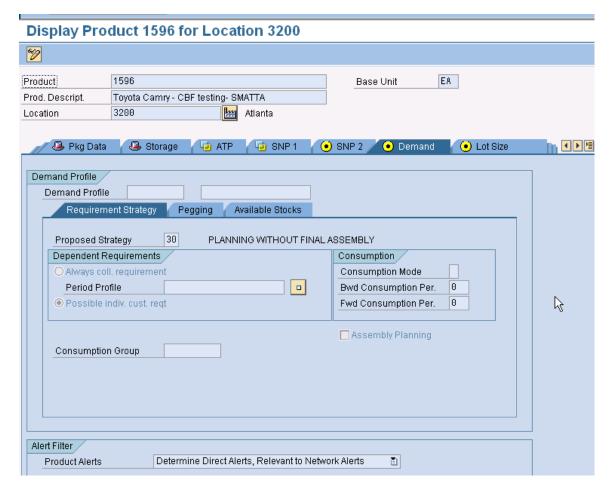
Main master data for Characteristics based forecasting is Product, Class and characteristics.

#### **Create a Product:** a)

The product must have requirements strategy 30 Planning Without Final Assembly (Demand tab page for the location product). This prevents production orders for the final product from being created, but generates dependent requirements for the components.

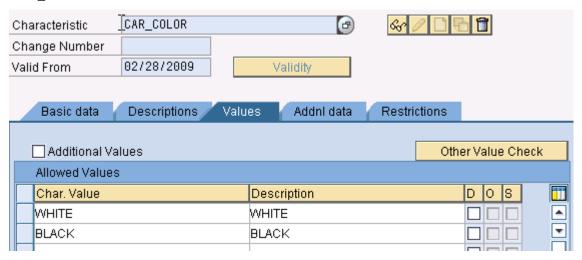
Display Product 1596 for Location 3200 8 1596 EΑ Product Base Unit Prod. Descript. Toyota Camry - CBF testing- SMATTA 3200 Location Manta Atlanta Administr. Properties Properties 2 / 🚇 Units of Meas. 🗸 🚇 Classification 🚇 Pkg Data 📗 Created By Changed By SCMGEN SCMGEN 01/25/2009 14:12:28 02/01/2009 16:24:42 Planner Production Planner SNP Planner Demand Planner Transportatn Planner ICH Planner Product Manager

Transaction: /SAPAPO/MAT1 - Product



# b) Create Characteristics and Class

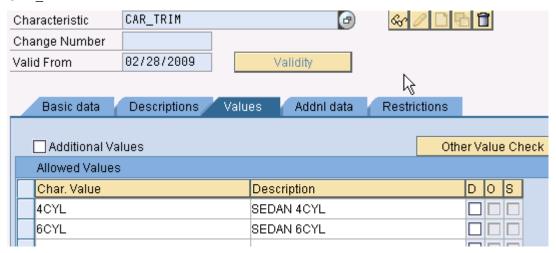
 $\textit{Master Data} \rightarrow \textit{Classification System} \rightarrow \textit{CT04} - \textit{Characteristics}$  CAR\_COLOR



CAR\_TRANSMISSION

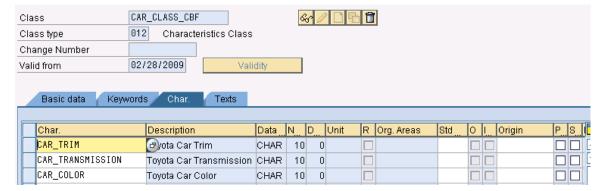


#### CAR\_TRIM



Master Data → Classification System → CL02 - Classes

## Assign existing characteristics to the class



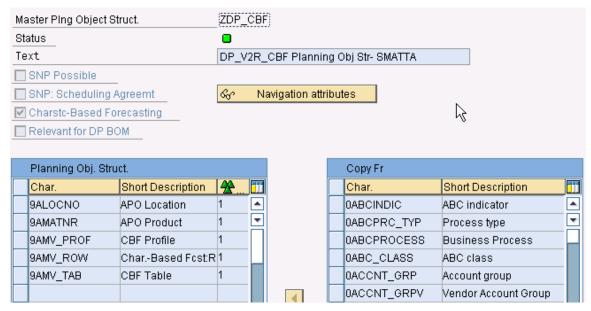
# Planning object structure and planning area

#### a) Planning object structure:

Transaction: /SAPAPO/MSDP\_ADMIN - Administration of Demand Planning and Supply Network Planning In Demand Planning, master planning object structure contains planning characteristics for one or more planning areas.

Master planning object structure is prerequisites for creating planning areas in Supply and Demand Planning.

Planning object structure: **ZDP\_CBF** 



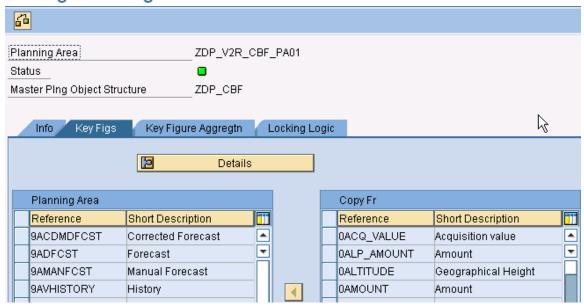
Select the indicator Characteristic based forecasting, it will copy the characteristics: 9AMV\_PROF, 9AMV\_ROW and 9AMV\_TAB

# b) Planning Area:

Planning area is the central data structures for Demand Planning and Supply Network Planning. The live Cache objects in which data is saved are based on the planning area. You assign the key figures with which you want to work directly to the planning area.

Planning Area: ZDP\_V2R\_CBF\_PA01

# Change Planning Area



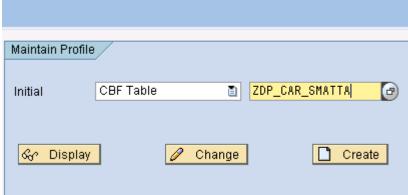
# **Settings for CBF in APO**

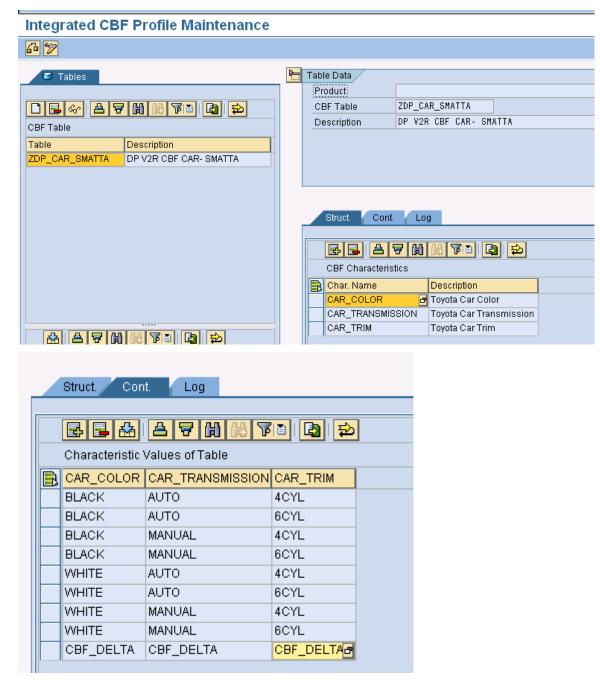
## a) Create CBF Table

To be able to carry out Characteristics-Based Forecasting, you must define a CBF table and assign it to the product. CBF tables contain details of the characteristics to be used and the permissible values and combinations.

Master Data → Application-Specific Master Data → Demand Planning → Configured Products → /SAPAPO/IPM01 - Maintain Master Data for CBF

# Integrated CBF Profile Maintenance



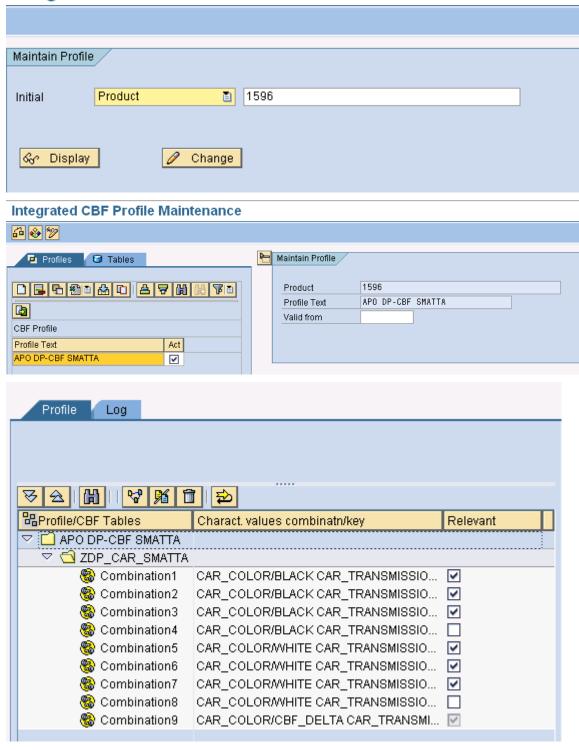


## b) Maintain the CBF profile and table to Product

Assign CBF tables to CBF profiles in integrated profile management.

Maintain tables and profiles for individual products

# Integrated CBF Profile Maintenance



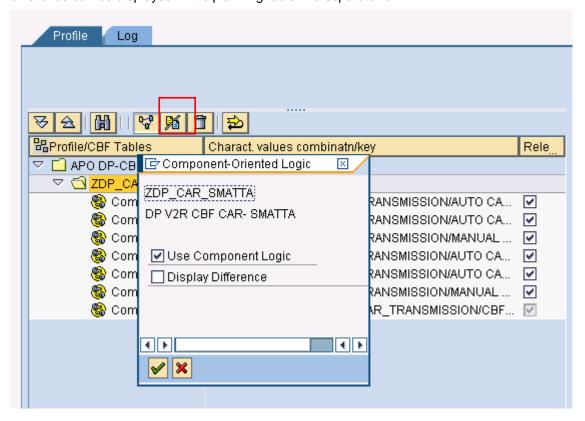
You can select Forecast planning indicator for the relevant characteristic value combinations

In the above scenario Car with 6 cylinder engine and Manual Transmission will not have planning indicator. So there will not be any forecasting for the above combinations.

# c) Maintain Component oriented logic indicator

This function is intended for use in over-planning or under-planning scenarios.

After an initial disaggregation to CBF characteristics it is possible to make changes at detail level without these changes being added to the total on the aggregate level. However to ensure consistency this difference can be displayed in the planning table in a separate row.



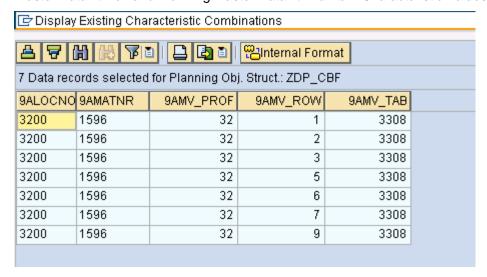
# **Demand Forecasting:**

# a) Characteristic Value Combinations:

A characteristic value combination is the combination of characteristic values with which you want to plan. It is only possible to plan data if you have defined such combinations.

Characteristic value combinations are defined for master planning object structure and these combinations are valid for all planning areas based on this planning object structure.

Master Data → Demand Planning Master Data → Maintain Characteristic Values.

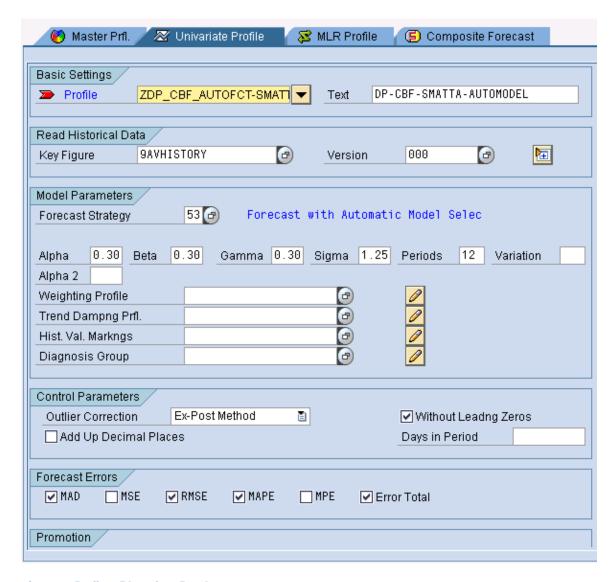


# b) Maintain Forecast Profile

Define univariate forecasting profile for the planning area to forecast for the next 12 months based on the last 24 month history.

Transaction: /SAPAPO/MC96B - Maintain Forecast Profiles

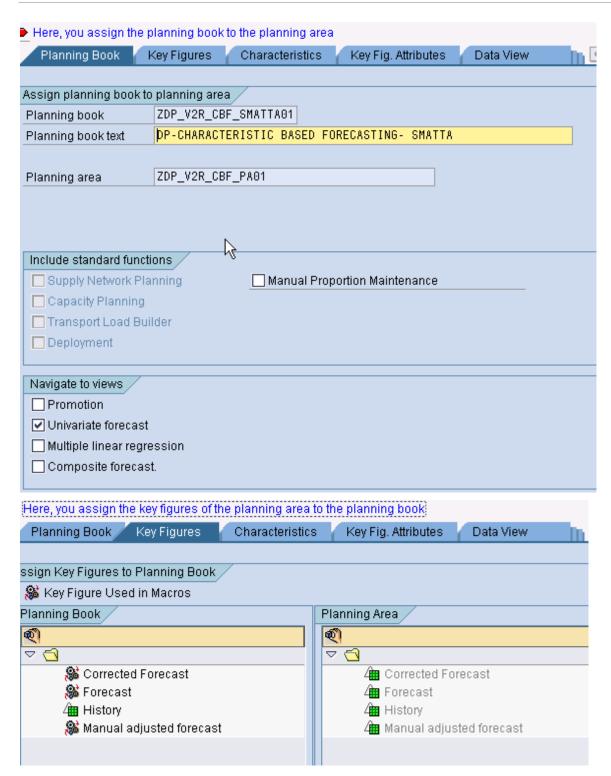
#### Maintain Forecast Profile **5** H Composite Forecast M Univariate Profile X MLR Profile 🍘 Master Prfl. Basic Settings > **(2)** Planning Area ZDP\_V2R\_CBF\_PA01 Master Prfl. ZDP\_CBF\_AUTOFCT\_MS01 01 d Saved DP-CBF-V2R-FORECAST AUTO MODEL-SMATTA Description 9ADFCST 🗗 Forecast Forecast Key Figure Additional Settings М Period Indicator Fiscal Year Variant Lifecycle Planning Active Forecast Horizon From То Periods 12 Offset History Horizon 24 From Τo Offset Periods Model Selection > ZDP\_CBF\_AUTOFCT-SMATT Univariate Forecast Multiple Linear Regression Composite Forecast

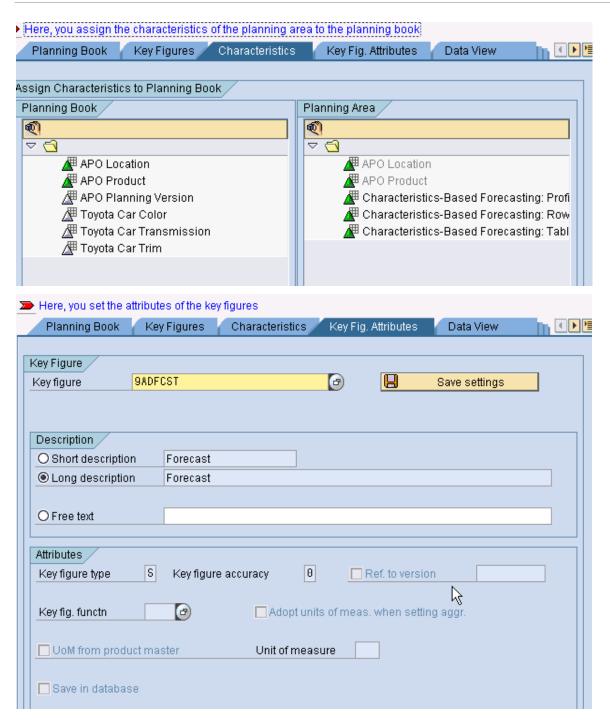


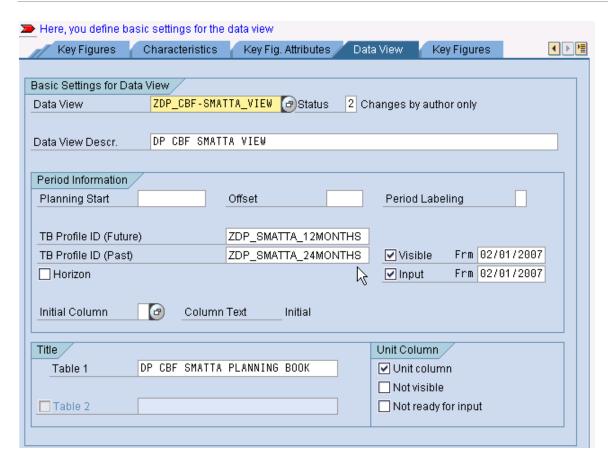
# c) Define Planning Book

Planning books determine the content and layout of the interactive planning screen and it is based on the planning area. Planning books can be created for individual planner or department and corresponds to the planner requirements.

Transaction: /SAPAPO/SDP8B - Define Planning Book







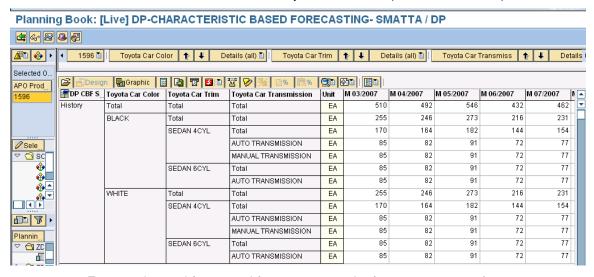
#### d) Interactive Demand Planning

Transaction: /SAPAPO/SDP94 - Interactive Demand Planning

Interactive demand planning can be used for several purposes that include to create the demand forecast interactively, to validate different univariate forecast models, to verify the results of a forecast created in the background and to process alerts issued in background jobs.

Demand plan can be created for the characteristics or characteristic combinations. This can be done either in interactive demand planning or by running a background job. You can use the drill-down functions in the header to see all the characteristic values.

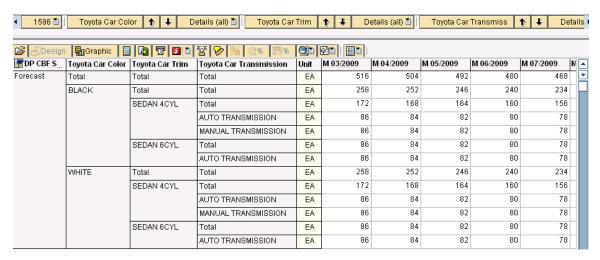
In this scenario, maintain the history for 24 months (032007 to 022009):



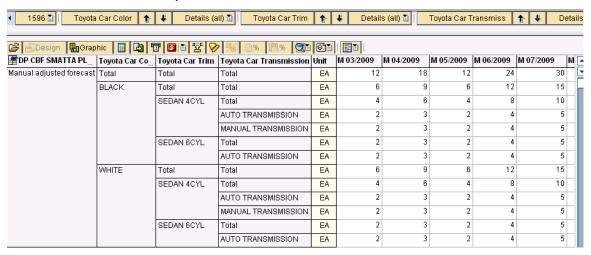
Execute demand forecasted for next 12 months (032009 to 022010):

SAP DEVELOPER NETWORK | sdn.sap.com

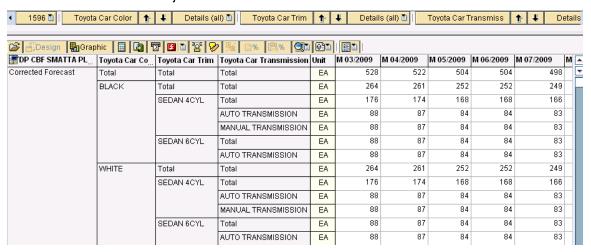
BUSINESS PROCESS EXPERT COMMUNITY | bpx.sap.com



Add Manual Adjusted Forecast:



• Execute Macro to calculate Corrected Forecast (Final demand) which is the sum of the Forecast and Manual adjusted Forecast:



# **Related Content**

- 1. SAP Help: http://help.sap.com
- $2.\ \underline{\text{http://help.sap.com/saphelp\_scm50/helpdata/en/58/39df3a6610696ae100000000a11402f/frameset.htm}\\$

For more information, visit the <u>Supply Chain Management homepage</u>.

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