

# How to Extract Data from an Offline Interactive Form using XML Parsing in Web Dynpro Java



## Applies to:

This article applies to WebDynpro Java/Adobe Interactive Forms development in SAP NetWeaver 7.0 and Adobe LiveCycle Designer 8.0 or higher release. Demo application created for this article has been developed in SAP NetWeaver 7.0 EHP1. For more information, visit the [Web Dynpro Java homepage](#).

## Summary

This article tells about how to extract data from an Offline Interactive Form using XML parsing based on upload functionality in WebDynpro Java.

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## Author Bio



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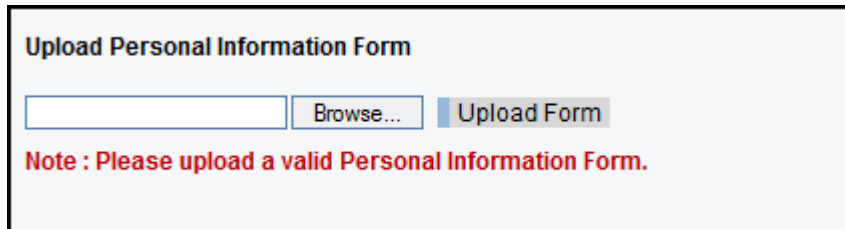
## Introduction

This is the final part of a three part series on Adobe Interactive Forms development. In [Part 1](#), we have seen how to add and remove subform instances at runtime. In [Part 2](#), we have seen how to extract data from subform instances using XML parsing in an Online Interactive Form through WebDynpro Java. In part 3, we will discuss how to extract data from an Offline Interactive Form in WebDynpro Java. Extracted data from the Adobe Form will be stored in a value node and finally updated to R/3 table using a RFC.

## Scenario

In this article, the below shown screen will be used to illustrate the offline data extraction. Clicking on 'Browse' button will open a file browser that lets you select the PDF file from your computer. Upon clicking the 'Upload Form' button, the data will be extracted from the Adobe Form and stored in a WebDynpro value node.

The file upload feature of WebDynpro will be used to retrieve the contents of the offline PDF. XML parsing methods will be then used to extract the data. We will continue to use the *Personal Information Form* from part 2 in this article as well.



**Upload Personal Information Form**

**Note : Please upload a valid Personal Information Form.**

Note: The PDF file being uploaded has to be of the same type as the Personal Information Form in part 2.

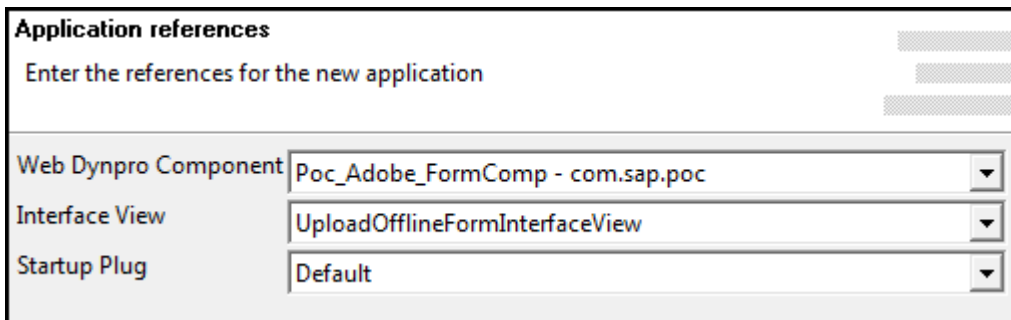
## WebDynpro Development Component

We will continue to use the DC *poc\_adobe\_form* from part 2, but let us create a new application, window and view for this part.

View – A new view *UploadOfflineFormView* will be used to design the above sample screen.

Window – A new window *UploadOfflineForm* will be used to embed the view '*UploadOfflineFormView*'.

Application – *UploadOfflineFormApp* will be created with the reference of WebDynpro Component and Interface View as shown below.

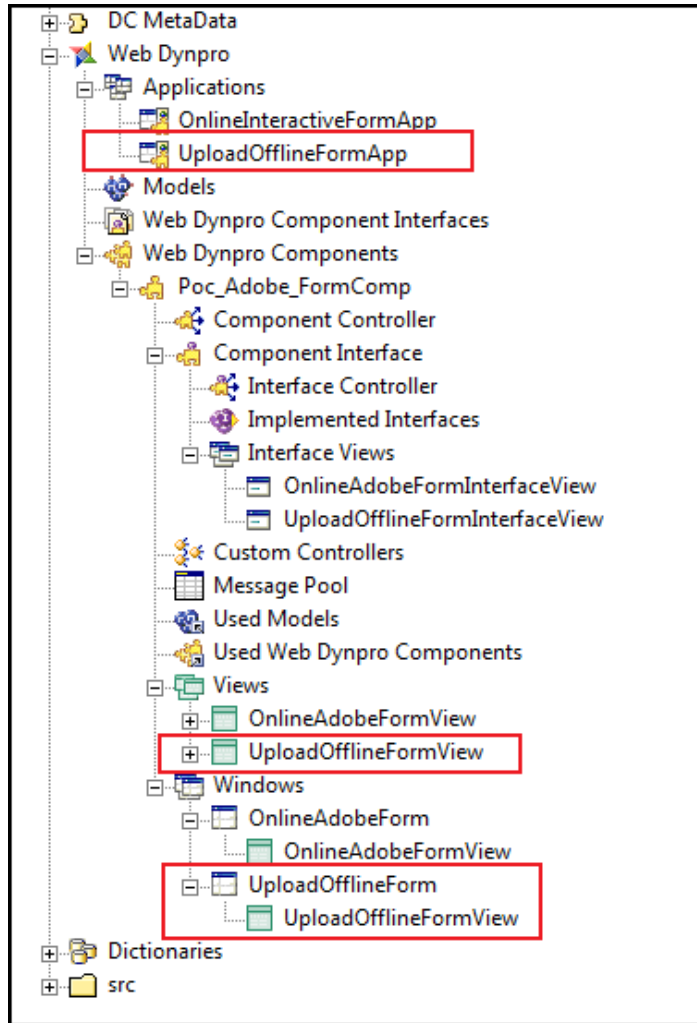


**Application references**

Enter the references for the new application

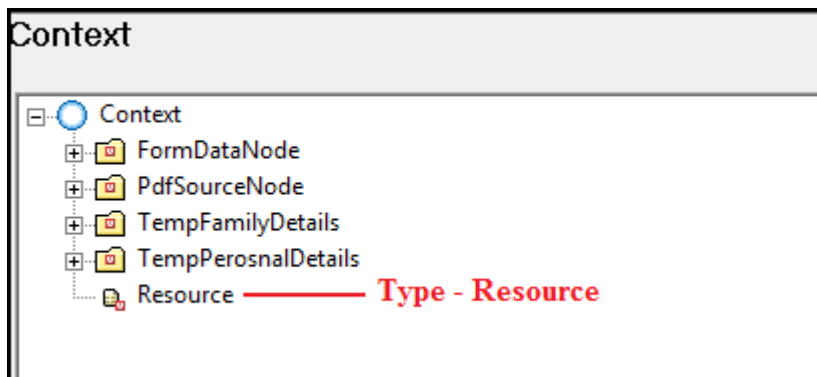
Web Dynpro Component	Poc_Adobe_FormComp - com.sap.poc
Interface View	UploadOfflineFormInterfaceView
Startup Plug	Default

A diagram of the Development Component is given below for reference.



### Creating context structure

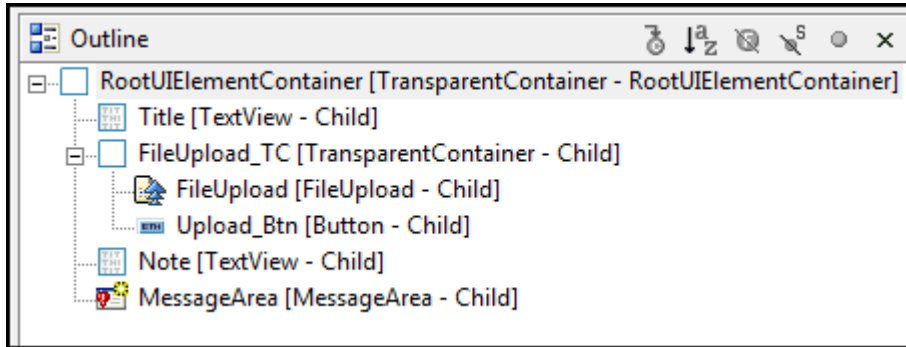
For this part, an additional attribute has to be created to store the uploaded PDF file. Details of the attribute are given below.



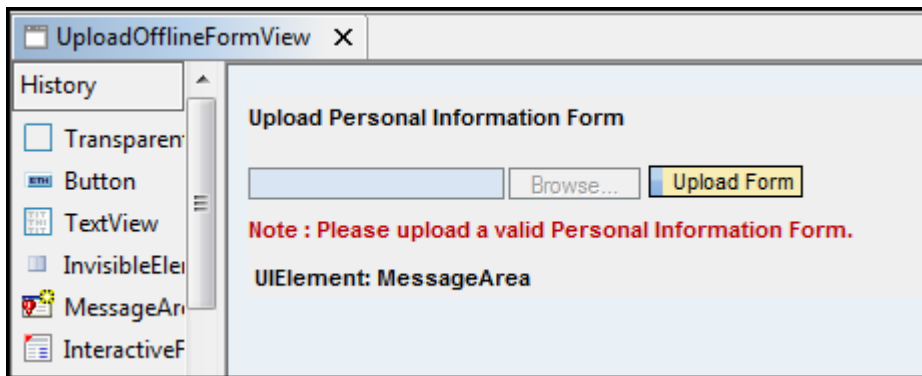
**Resource** – The *resource* property of the FileUpload UI element is bound to this attribute; it holds the file data for the PDF document at runtime.

## Creating UI elements in the view

Open the *Layout* tab of the view '*UploadOfflineFormView*' and design the view with *FileUpload* and *Button* UI elements in *Outline* tab as shown below.



Below screen shows design time Layout of the view '*UploadOfflineFormView*'.



## Data binding between UI element and context

Select *FileUpload* UI from *Outline* tab and go to *Properties* perspective.

Bind the *resource* property of the *FileUpload* UI to the new attribute *Resource* as shown below.

Property	Value
Element Properties [UIElement]	
data	
enabled	true
fileName	
id	FileUpload
resource	Resource
textDirection	inherit
tooltip	<>
visible	visible
width	

## Creating action handler for 'onAction' event in the Button UI

Now an action handler for 'onAction' event of the button 'Upload Form' needs to be created in the WebDynpro view.

For this go to *Upload\_Btn* UI → *Properties* tab → select 'onAction' event → Create an action handler with name 'uploadOfflineForm'.

Properties	
Property	Value
[-] Element Properties [Button]	
design	emphasized
enabled	true
id	Upload_Btn
imageAlt	
imageFirst	true
imageSource	<>
size	standard
text	Upload Form
textDirection	inherit
tooltip	<>
visible	visible
width	
[-] Events	
onAction	uploadOfflineForm

Switch to the 'UploadOfflineFormView' view and select the *Implementation* page.

*IWDMessagesManager* class is used to display Success or Error message. To access this message class globally either in the view or component controller, create an object in the component controller (`//@@begin others`) and initialize the method in `wdDoInit ()` as shown below.

```
//@@@begin others
```

```
IWDMessagesManager msgMgr = null;
```

```
//@@@end
```

```
public void wdDoInit ()
{
  //@@@begin wdDoInit ()
  msgMgr = wdComponentAPI.getMessageManager();
  //@@@end
}
```

Add the following source code to the 'uploadOfflineForm' action handler.

## Code Snippet of 'onActionuploadOfflineForm()' action handler

```

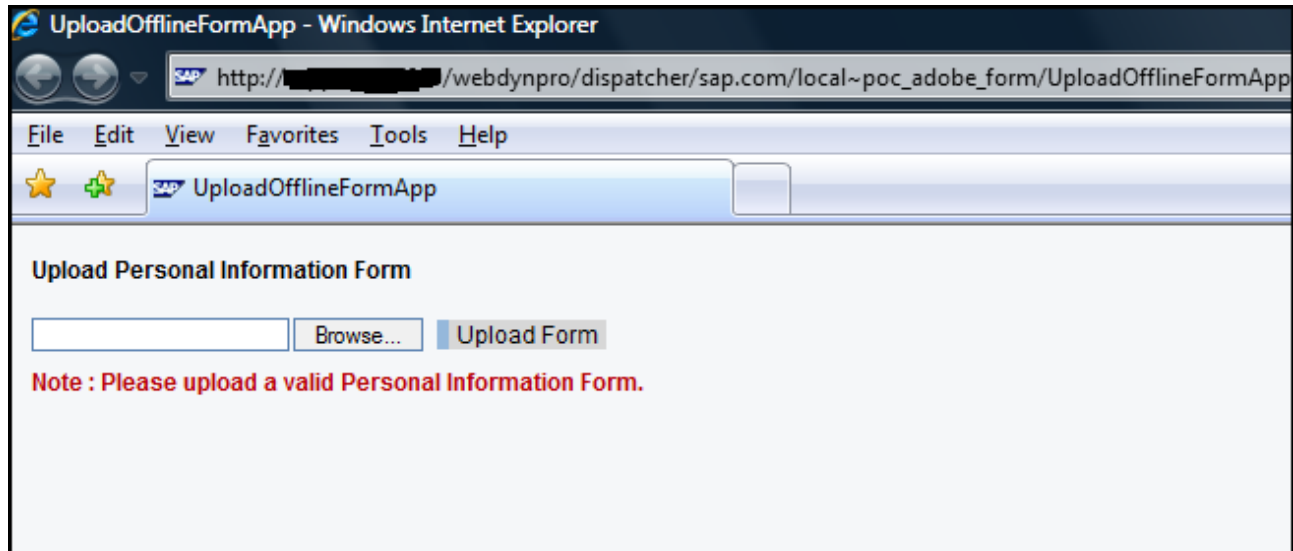
public void onActionuploadOfflineForm(com.sap.tc.webdynpro.progmodel.api.IWDCustomEvent wdEvent
)
{
  @@ @begin onActionuploadOfflineForm(ServerEvent)
  try{
    wdContext.currentPdfSourceNodeElement().setPdfSource(null);
    wdContext.nodeFormDataNode().invalidate();
    // if resource context attribute is null, then raise a exception
    if(wdContext.currentContextElement().getAttributeValue("Resource")!=null)
    {
      // assign resource type to IWDResource interface to get file extension
      IWDResource fileResource = wdContext.currentContextElement().getResource();
      // if uploaded file is not a PDF file, then raise a exception
      if(fileResource.getResourceType().getFileExtension().equalsIgnoreCase("PDF"))
      {
        // reading no. of bytes from input stream of the resource attribute
        byte[] b = new byte[wdContext.currentContextElement().getResource().read(false).available()];
        // reads some number of bytes from the input stream and stores them into the buffer array b
        wdContext.currentContextElement().getResource().read(false).read(b);
        // displaying the bytes length of the uploaded adobe form
        wdComponentAPI.getMessageManager().reportSuccess("Adobe Form Bytes Length :"+b.length);
        // store the byte array in the pdfSource context attribute
        wdContext.currentPdfSourceNodeElement().setPdfSource(b);
        // extracts data from a PDF document and copies the values into the WebDynpro Context
        WDInteractiveFormHelper.transferPDFDataIntoContext(wdContext.currentPdfSourceNodeElement
        ().getPdfSource(), wdContext.nodeFormDataNode());
        // store parsed data from PersonalDetails node to TempPersonalDetails node
        wdContext.currentTempPersonalDetailsElement().setFirstName(wdContext.currentPersonalDetails
        Element().getFirstName());
        wdContext.currentTempPersonalDetailsElement().setLastName(wdContext.currentPersonalDetails
        Element().getLastName());
        // call the component controller methods
        wdThis.wdGetPoc_Adobe_FormCompController().getFormData();
        wdThis.wdGetPoc_Adobe_FormCompController().displayParsedData();
      }
      else
      {
        msgMgr.reportException("Please select a valid Personal Information Form",false);
      }
    }
    else
    {
      msgMgr.reportException("Please browse a Personal Information Form",false);
    }
  }
  catch(Exception e)
  {
    msgMgr.reportException("Error in uploading the Adobe Form :"+e.getLocalizedMessage(),false);
  }
  @@ @end

```

Note: You may check the Part 2 document to get the code snippet for getFormData() and displayParsedData() methods.

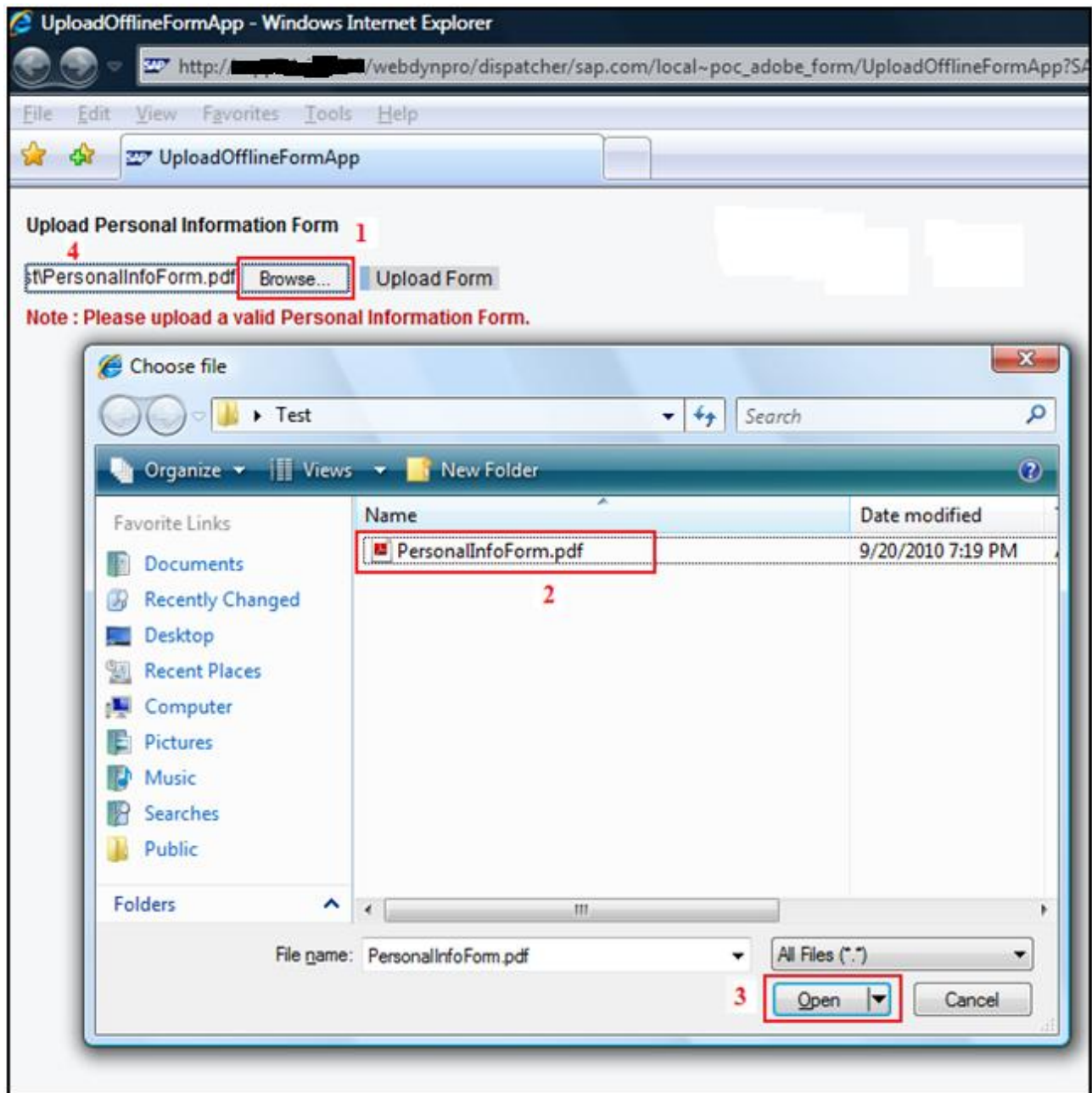
## Build & Deploy

Build and deploy the project from NetWeaver Developer Studio. Upon executing the *UploadOfflineFormApp* application, the Internet Explorer browser should look similar to the screen below.

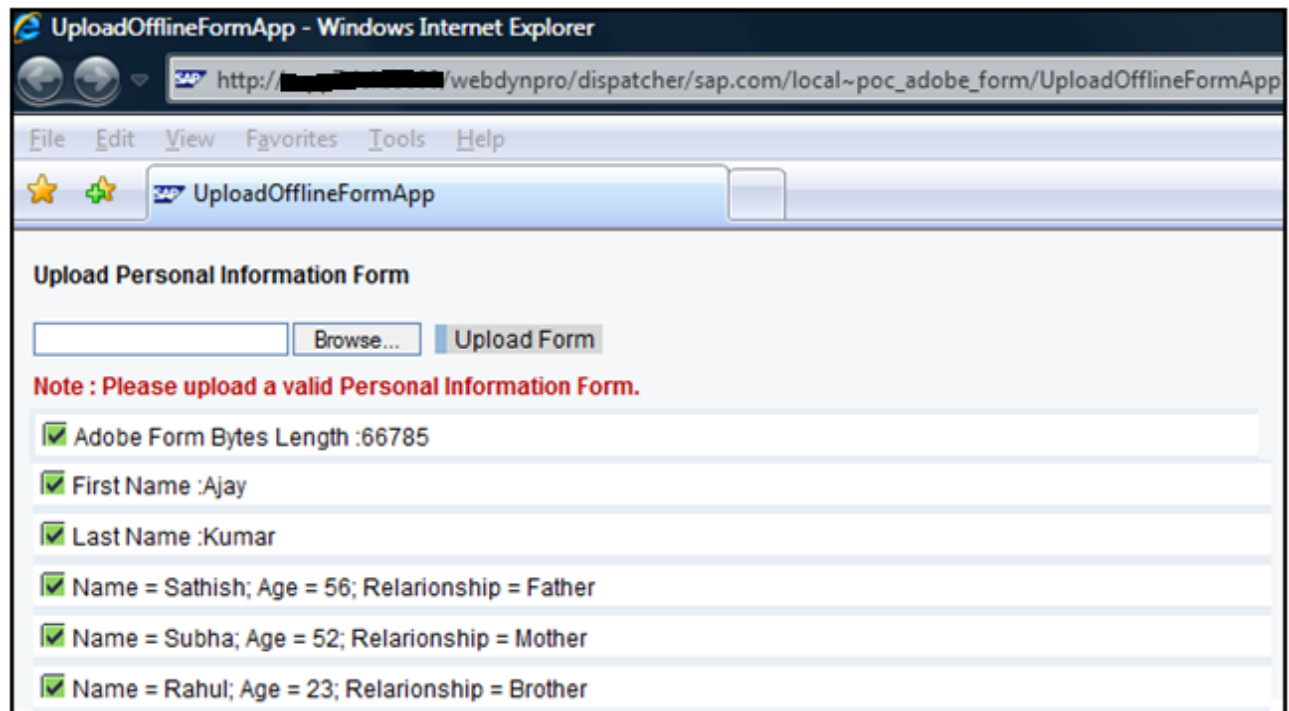




Clicking on 'Browse' button opens the file browser.



Upon clicking the 'Upload Form' button, data is extracted from the Adobe Form and stored in the value nodes in WebDynpro context. The value nodes are then iterated through and the parsed data is displayed using message class as shown below.



## Related Content

[How to Add or Remove Subform Instance at Runtime in Adobe Interactive Forms](#)

[How to Extract Data from an Online Interactive Form using XML Parsing in WebDynpro Java](#)

[Parsing XML file in Java](#)

About DOM - [Link 1](#) and [Link 2](#)

[SAP Interactive Forms by Adobe](#)

[User Interface Technology Homepage](#)

For more information, visit the [WebDynpro Java Homepage](#)

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