

Information Broadcasting Overview and Flexible Scheduling



Applies to:

Business Intelligence, Reporting and Query Analysis

For more information, visit the [Business Intelligence homepage](#).

Summary

This document is intended to give a brief overview on information broadcasting and later delves with the scheduling of the broadcast setting. This document illustrates an enhancement to the standard scheduling method provided by SAP to enable flexible scheduling.

It specifies a business requirement and elaborates on how flexible scheduling helps unraveling the challenges in conventional scheduling.

Author: Sunmit Bhandari

Company: Wipro Technologies

Created on: 06th October 2008

Author Bio



Sunmit Bhandari is a BI consultant with Wipro Technologies. He has extensive experience across various SAP products including MDM, ABAP, NetWeaver04 BI and BI 7 working with clients across geographies.

Table of Contents

Information Broadcasting.....	3
What is Information Broadcasting?.....	3
The traits of broadcasting include	3
Distribution Types	4
Broadcasting by Email	4
Broadcasting to portal	4
Broadcasting to printer	4
Broadcasting by Email (bursting)	4
Broadcast by exception (email/portal/alert)	4
Broadcast over multiple channels –	4
Filling OLAP and MDX cache(cache for crystal report)	4
Pre-calculation Server/Pre-calculation service.....	4
Broadcasting of BI Objects	5
Scheduling of broadcasting settings.....	6
1. Execution with data change in infoprovider	6
2. Execution at preset time	8
3. Scheduling in SAP Background processing	10
4. Flexible Scheduling of broadcast setting	11
Code	14
1. Report ZBRCS_MIT_PAR_CHECK.....	14
2. Report ZBRCS_MIT_PAR_TRIG.....	17
Related Content.....	19
Disclaimer and Liability Notice.....	20

Information Broadcasting

What is Information Broadcasting?

Information broadcasting is automatic distribution of BI content to a wide spectrum of users. BI content includes objects developed using BEx tools – Queries, Workbooks, Web templates, Reports.

Broadcasting is done to optimize performance and auto refresh BI content for Business experts of your system and for system administration activities.

The BI objects configured for broadcasting are pre-calculated in the background as per their schedules and are distributed as mails or are published on the portal. The Business experts can then log on to the portal/ check their mails and analyze their information.

The traits of broadcasting include

Scope – availability to wide spectrum of users

Optimize performance – Pre-calculation / BI object run only once for all users.

Exception reporting – Can configured for distribution as per exception and Alerts

Query pre-calculation – Can be stored in cache for reusability on sub-sequent runs

Sending by email, publish to portal – SAP BEx add-in not required.

Historic/current data can be viewed – Documents/Online links

Utility for system administration – alerts, master data broadcast, multi-channel broadcasting, pre-calculation

Distribution Types

The distribution types available in broadcasting proffer different functions to Business experts and System administrators

Broadcasting by Email – Pre-calculated documents with historic data or online links with current data are sent to the users

Broadcasting to portal - Pre-calculated documents with historic data or online links with current data are published in KM in the Enterprise portal

Broadcasting to printer – Pre-calculated documents in PDF/PCL/PS format can be broadcasted to a printer

Broadcasting by Email (bursting) - Recipient determination based on user information in master data. Characteristic – attribute contains user name/mail id

Broadcast by exception (email/portal/alert) - Query and query views are checked in the background for exception. Alerts and alert category can be configured in

Broadcast over multiple channels – BI Objects can be broadcasted over emails, published to portal or broadcasted to a printer at the same time.

Pre-calculate Value sets – You can fill variables of the type Pre-calculated Value Set for characteristic values with values in the background. The pre-calculated value sets are then available as variable values in queries.

Filling OLAP and MDX cache(cache for crystal report) – BI object can be pre-calculated and the caches can be filled for faster retrieval of data during query processing.

Information broadcasting allows pre-calculation of BI objects with user specific settings ie – considering authorizations of data set, formats etc

Pre-calculation Server/Pre-calculation service:-

This is a separate installation, which can be installed on the server machine or on the client (recommended on the server) and is required fro pre-calculation of workbooks

Broadcasting of BI Objects

One Broadcast setting is defined for each BI object (workbook/query/template/report)

The broadcast setting defines: Object being broadcasted (queries/workbooks)

Distribution type (mail/portal/printer/cache)

Format (Online link/PDF/MS Excel)

Filters and navigations

Variable assignments (direct values/from variants)

Schedule (Schedule for broadcasting this setting)

Following three are conventional methods of scheduling of broadcast settings.

Execution with data change in info-provider.

Execution at preset time.

Scheduling in SAP Background processing

Scheduling of broadcasting settings

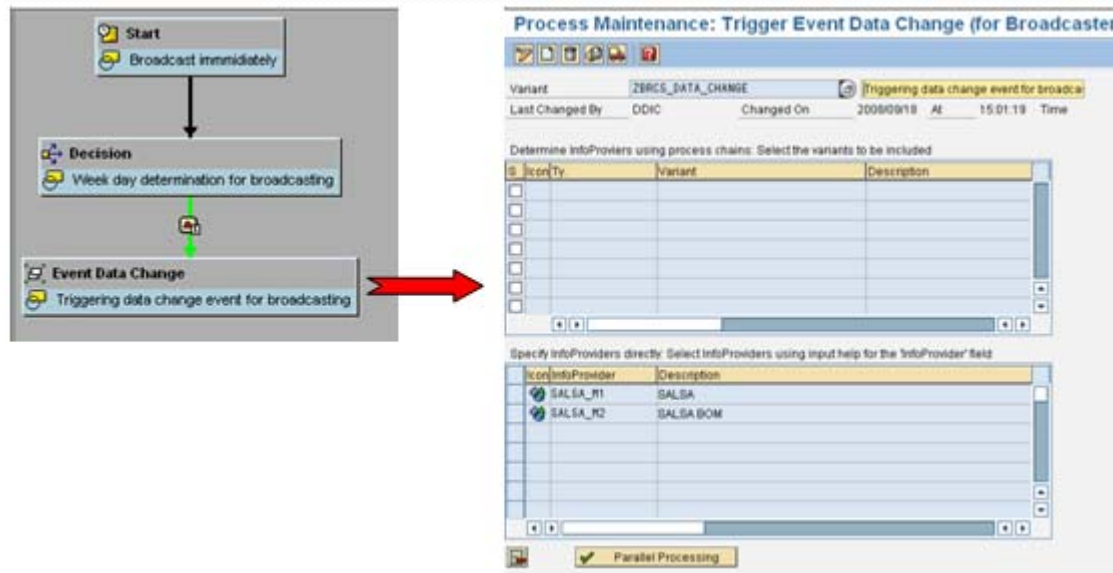
1. Execution with data change in infoprovider

Implemented with process chain which triggers data change event.

In this case the data change event is triggered in the process chain post loading of the infoproviders. The Broadcast setting is scheduled to execute on reception of this data change event.

This process chain is executed post loading process chain(not shown).

The process type here is configured to fire data change event for infoproviders SALSA and SALSA BOM.



The broadcast setting is scheduled to execute post reception of data change event for infoprovider SALSA.

Scheduling Set

Execution with Data Change in the InfoProvider

SALSA

Execution at Predefined Time

Monthly - to be started next on 2008/11/02 at 12:35:00

Direct Scheduling in the Background Processing

Create New Scheduling

Periodic All 1 Week(s)

Next Start at 2008/10/07 At 13:25:56

Transfer **Cancel**

Once the broadcast setting is executed, the corresponding BI object is broadcasted.

Limitation - All broadcast settings scheduled waiting for the data change event of this particular infoprovider would be executed at the same time.

Example - Consider the business have 6 queries defined over this infoprovider.

The requirement is 5 queries need to be broadcasted on 5 different weekdays after the data basis has changed(i.e. data in the underlying infoprovider has changed).

1 query needs to be broadcasted once in a month after the data basis has changed.

Assuming we schedule our 6 broadcast settings to execute with data change event. All of them would be executed simultaneously(daily).

This is thus not coinciding with the requirement.

2. Execution at preset time

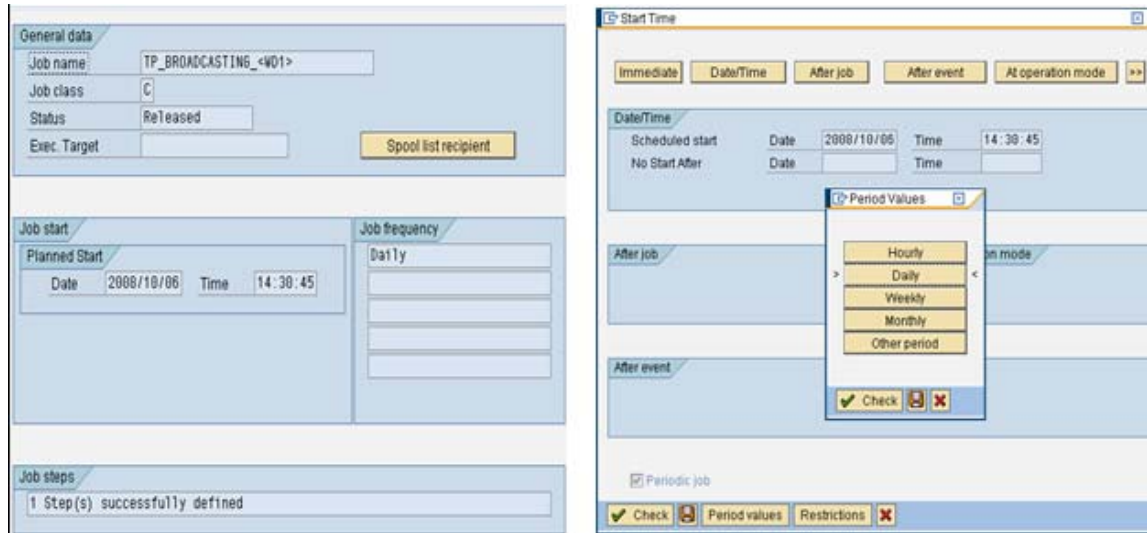
In this case one defines a background job and the broadcast setting is executed as per the start condition mentioned in the background job.

The prerequisite while defining the background job are as follows.

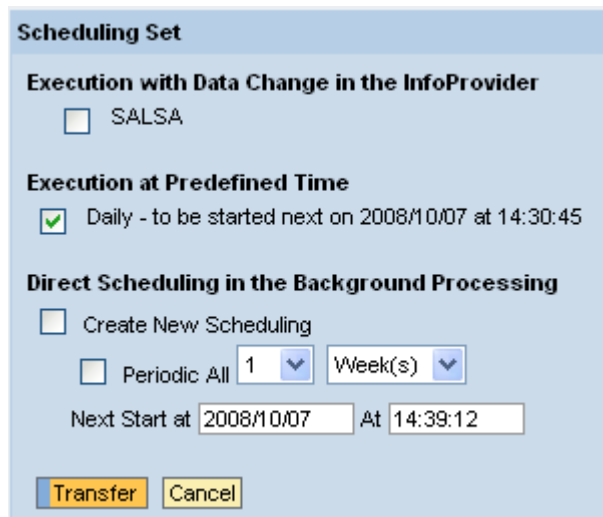
The prefix of the job name must be TP_BROADCAST_<.....>.

The start condition of the job must be daily or weekly or monthly.

The step must be an ABAP program step with program name RESRD_BROADCAST_FOR_TIMEPOINT.



No.	Program name/command	Prog. type	Spool list	Parameters	User	Lang.
1	RESRD_BROADCAST_FOR_TIMEPOINT	ABAP			DEHSUBH	EN



The broadcast setting is executed as per the start condition defined in the background job.

Limitation -

1. Considering we have X, Y and Z as broadcast settings which are scheduled to run when Job X, Job Y and Job Z are run.

If Job X, Job Y and Job Z are scheduled waiting for an event and if we trigger Event X on Monday, Event Y on Tuesday and Event Z on Wednesday in our process chain then we would be able to broadcast X on Monday, Y on Tuesday... This meant we would have to create one job per broadcast setting) Unfortunately this did not work either

The minimum resolution for this background job start condition is Daily. Jobs which have start condition as after event and periodic create the second job immediately after the first job is executed. (hence is not supported)

2. The broadcast setting is executed at the scheduled time independent of change in data basis. This means if the data load process chain is delayed, the broadcasted data may miss the most current data that is being/ will be loaded.

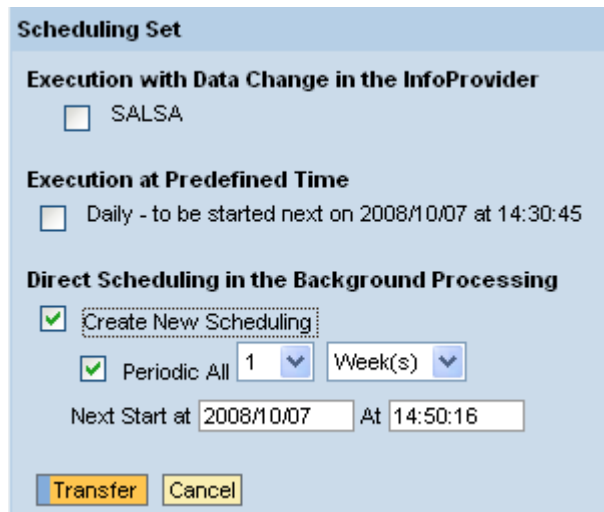
3. Logical determination of job scheduling is not possible.

One cannot schedule the job as per working day or calendar day.

Jobs scheduled as per calendar day or working day are not supported in broadcasting.

3. Scheduling in SAP Background processing

In this case one can define a preset time and periodicity of executing broadcast schedules.eg - every Monday at 12:30 etc.(No process chain required)



The screenshot shows the 'Scheduling Set' dialog box in SAP. It has three main sections:

- Execution with Data Change in the InfoProvider:** A checkbox labeled 'SALSA' is unchecked.
- Execution at Predefined Time:** A checkbox is unchecked, with the text 'Daily - to be started next on 2008/10/07 at 14:30:45' next to it.
- Direct Scheduling in the Background Processing:** A checkbox labeled 'Create New Scheduling' is checked. Below it, another checkbox labeled 'Periodic All' is checked. To its right is a numeric input field containing '1' and a dropdown arrow, followed by a dropdown menu showing 'Week(s)'. Below these is a text field 'Next Start at' containing '2008/10/07' and 'At' followed by a time field containing '14:50:16'.

At the bottom left, there are two buttons: 'Transfer' (highlighted in yellow) and 'Cancel'.

Limitation -

Independent of data basis

The broadcasting result will not get the latest refresh if the loading to the data provider is later that the scheduled time of broadcasting.

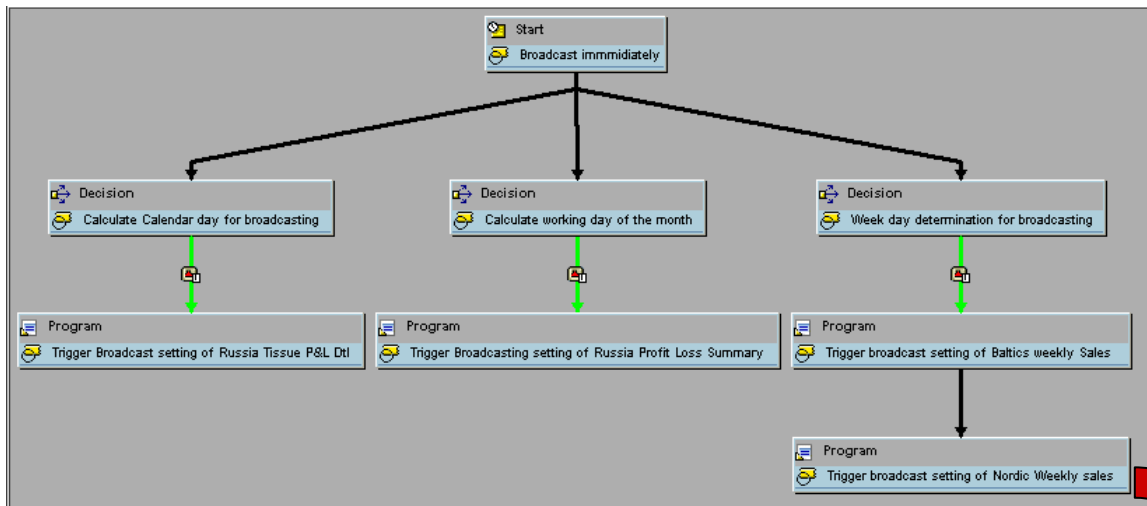
4. Flexible Scheduling of broadcast setting

This is an extension and customization of scheduling type execution at preset time.

In this case the jobs are periodically scheduled to execute at the preset time but are cancelled as per logical determination.

A custom check table, two ABAP programs and a process chain is created which assist in determining whether the broadcast setting needs to be executed / cancelled.

Process chain – Assists in logical determination of the execution of broadcast setting. Logical determination is done through (Decision step /ABAP process type)



Variant: BRCS_SETTING_TRIGGER_BAL_WEEK Trigger broadcast setting of Baltics weekly
 Last Changed By: DDIC Changed On: 2008/10/06 At: 15:01:12 Time

Call Mode: Synchronous Asynchronous
 Called From: Local Destination

Program to Call: Program
 Program Name: ZBRCS_MIT_PAR_TRIG
 Program Variant: BRCS_BAL_SALES
 Scheduled Program
 Event:
 Parameters:

ZBRCS_MIT_PAR_TRIG – Included in the process chain as an ABAP process step with variant. The variant here determines the broadcast setting id whose flag is to be set. The flag of the corresponding broadcast setting is set in the custom table ZBRCS_FLAG with the time stamp when it was set/reset.

Table for broadcast flag check

Table: ZBRCS_FLAG
 Displayed Fields: 4 of 4 Fixed Columns: 1 List Width 0250

SETTING_ID	FLAG	FLAGDATE	FLAGTIME
<input type="checkbox"/> BRCS_RU_PANDL_SUM_OGLEV		0000/00/00	00:00:00
<input type="checkbox"/> ZBRCS_BAL_WEEKLY_SALES	X	2008/10/06	16:04:29
<input type="checkbox"/> ZBRCS_NOR_WEEKLY_SALES	X	2008/10/06	16:04:29
<input type="checkbox"/> ZBRCS_TISS_PL_DTL_RU		0000/00/00	00:00:00

ZBRCS_MIT_PAR_CHECK - Included as a step1 in the background job on which the broadcast setting is hinged along with the ABAP program required to execute the broadcast setting as step2.

General data

Job name: TP_BROADCASTING_<ZNOR_WS>
 Job class: C
 Status: Released
 Exec. Target: Spool list recipient

Job start

Planned Start
 Date: 2008/10/06 Time: 18:01:00

Job frequency

Daily

Job steps

2 Step(s) successfully defined

No.	Program name/command	Prog. type	Spool list	Parameters	User	Lang.
1	ZBRCS_MIT_PAR_CHECK	ABAP		ZBRCS_NOR_WS	DEHSUBH	EN
2	RSRD_BROADCAST_FOR_TIMEPOINT	ABAP			DEHSUBH	EN

The broadcast setting is scheduled to execute as per the background job.

Scheduling Set

Execution with Data Change in the InfoProvider

SALSA

Execution at Predefined Time

Daily - to be started next on 2008/10/07 at 14:30:45

Direct Scheduling in the Background Processing

Create New Scheduling

Periodic All Week(s)

Next Start at At

Logic -

The Process chain is scheduled to run post the loading process chain. This thus ensures that the broadcast setting executes post data basis change.

Based on the conditions in the decision process type (decision process type - helps ascertaining if today is work day 10, calendar day 15, weekday - Monday etc) the program ZBRCS_MIT_PAR_TRIG is executed with the variant. The variant determines which broadcast setting id in the table ZBRCS_FLAG has its flag set.

The Background job TP_BROADCASTING_<...> has two steps.

The first step is an ABAP program ZBRCS_MIT_PAR_CHECK with variant which determines if the broadcast settings flag has been set.

If the flag is set, the program ZBRCS_MIT_PAR_CHECK allows the second step in job TP_BROADCASTING_<...> to execute, which in turn executes the broadcast setting.

If the flag is not set, the program ZBRCS_MIT_PAR_CHECK raises an exception thus terminating the current job.

Code

1. Report ZBRCS_MIT_PAR_CHECK

```

REPORT  ZBRCS_MIT_PAR_CHECK.
TABLES :rsrd_s_admin_setting, varid, zbrcs_flag, rsparams, rsrd_settingt.
DATA : it_varid TYPE TABLE OF varid WITH HEADER LINE,
       it_zbrcs_flag TYPE TABLE OF zbrcs_flag WITH HEADER LINE,
       it_zbrcs_flag_ins TYPE TABLE OF zbrcs_flag WITH HEADER LINE,
       it_zbrcs_flag_check TYPE TABLE OF zbrcs_flag WITH HEADER LINE,
       it_rsparams TYPE TABLE OF rsparams WITH HEADER LINE,
       w_setting TYPE rsrd_s_admin_setting-setting_id,
       it_rsrd_settingt TYPE TABLE OF rsrd_settingt WITH HEADER LINE,
       it_ddshf4ctrl TYPE ddshf4ctrl,
       it_shlp TYPE SHLP_DESCR,
       it_ddshretval TYPE TABLE OF ddshretval WITH HEADER LINE,
BEGIN OF it_varvar.
  INCLUDE STRUCTURE it_varid.
DATA: setid TYPE rsrd_s_admin_setting-setting_id,
      end of it_varvar.
PARAMETERS : w_set TYPE rsrd_s_admin_setting-setting_id MATCHCODE OBJECT
            RSRD_SETTING_ID.
AT SELECTION-SCREEN ON w_set.

REFRESH: it_zbrcs_flag_ins, it_varid, it_zbrcs_flag.

SELECT * FROM RSRD_SETTINGT
INTO TABLE it_rsrd_settingt.

READ TABLE it_rsrd_settingt WITH KEY setting_id = w_set.

IF sy-subrc NE 0.

MESSAGE E000(ZBRCS) WITH w_set.

ENDIF.

*case sy-ucomm.
*
*WHEN 'SPOS'.

  SELECT * FROM varid
  INTO CORRESPONDING FIELDS OF TABLE it_varid
  WHERE report = sy-repid.

  SELECT * FROM zbrcs_flag
  INTO CORRESPONDING FIELDS OF TABLE it_zbrcs_flag.

  LOOP AT it_varid.
  REFRESH it_rsparams.
  CALL FUNCTION 'RS_VARIANT_CONTENTS'
  EXPORTING
    REPORT          = sy-repid
    VARIANT         = it_varid-variant
  *   MOVE_OR_WRITE = 'W'

```

```

*      NO_IMPORT                = ' '
*      EXECUTE_DIRECT           = ' '
*      IMPORTING
*      SP                        =
TABLES
*      L_PARAMS                 =
*      L_PARAMS_NONV            =
*      L_SELOP                  =
*      L_SELOP_NONV             =
      VALUTAB                    = it_rsparams.
*      OBJECTS                  =
*      FREE_SELECTIONS_DESC     =
*      FREE_SELECTIONS_VALUE    =
*      EXCEPTIONS
*      VARIANT_NON_EXISTENT     = 1
*      VARIANT_OBSOLETE         = 2
*      OTHERS                   = 3
.
IF SY-SUBRC <> 0.
* MESSAGE ID SY-MSGID TYPE SY-MSGTY NUMBER SY-MSGNO
*      WITH SY-MSGV1 SY-MSGV2 SY-MSGV3 SY-MSGV4.
ENDIF.

      CLEAR it_zbrcs_flag.

      LOOP AT it_rsparams.

      READ TABLE it_zbrcs_flag WITH KEY setting_id = it_rsparams-low.

      IF sy-subrc NE 0.
        it_zbrcs_flag_ins-setting_id = it_rsparams-low.
        APPEND it_zbrcs_flag_ins.
      ENDIF.

      ENDLOOP.

      ENDLOOP.

      CLEAR it_zbrcs_flag.

      READ TABLE it_zbrcs_flag WITH KEY setting_id = w_set.

      IF sy-subrc NE 0.
        it_zbrcs_flag_ins-setting_id = w_set.
        APPEND it_zbrcs_flag_ins.
      ENDIF.

      INSERT zbrcs_flag FROM TABLE it_zbrcs_flag_ins.

      COMMIT WORK.

*ENDCASE.

START-OF-SELECTION.

```

```
SELECT * FROM zbrcs_flag  
INTO CORRESPONDING FIELDS OF TABLE it_zbrcs_flag_check.
```

```
READ TABLE it_zbrcs_flag_check WITH KEY setting_id = w_set.
```

```
IF NOT it_zbrcs_flag_check-flag = 'X'.  
RAISE EXCEPTION.  
ELSE.  
it_zbrcs_flag_check-flag = ' '.  
it_zbrcs_flag_check-flagdate = sy-datum.  
it_zbrcs_flag_check-flagtime = sy-uzeit.  
UPDATE zbrcs_flag FROM it_zbrcs_flag_check.  
ENDIF.
```


2. Report ZBRCS_MIT_PAR_TRIG

REPORT ZBRCS_MIT_PAR_TRIG.

TABLES :rsrd_s_admin_setting, varid, zbrcs_flag, rsparams, rsrd_settingt.

```
DATA : it_varid TYPE TABLE OF varid WITH HEADER LINE,
      it_zbrcs_flag TYPE TABLE OF zbrcs_flag WITH HEADER LINE,
      it_zbrcs_flag_ins TYPE TABLE OF zbrcs_flag WITH HEADER LINE,
      it_zbrcs_flag_check TYPE TABLE OF zbrcs_flag WITH HEADER LINE,
      it_rsparams TYPE TABLE OF rsparams WITH HEADER LINE,
      w_setting TYPE rsrd_s_admin_setting-setting_id,
      it_rsrd_settingt TYPE TABLE OF rsrd_settingt WITH HEADER LINE,
      it_ddshf4ctrl TYPE ddshf4ctrl,
      it_shlp TYPE SHLP_DESCR,
      it_ddshretval TYPE TABLE OF ddshretval WITH HEADER LINE,
```

```
BEGIN OF it_varvar.
  INCLUDE STRUCTURE it_varid.
```

```
DATA: setid TYPE rsrd_s_admin_setting-setting_id,
      end of it_varvar.
```

PARAMETERS : w_set TYPE rsrd_s_admin_setting-setting_id MATCHCODE OBJECT RSRD_SETTING_ID.

AT SELECTION-SCREEN ON w_set.

REFRESH: it_zbrcs_flag_ins, it_varid, it_zbrcs_flag.

```
SELECT * FROM RSRD_SETTINGT
INTO TABLE it_rsrd_settingt.
```

READ TABLE it_rsrd_settingt WITH KEY setting_id = w_set.

IF sy-subrc NE 0.

MESSAGE E000(ZBRCS) WITH w_set.

ENDIF.

*case sy-ucomm.

*

*WHEN 'SPOS'.

```
SELECT * FROM varid
INTO CORRESPONDING FIELDS OF TABLE it_varid
WHERE report = sy-repid.
```

```
SELECT * FROM zbrcs_flag
INTO CORRESPONDING FIELDS OF TABLE it_zbrcs_flag.
```

LOOP AT it_varid.

REFRESH it_rsparams.

CALL FUNCTION 'RS_VARIANT_CONTENTS'

EXPORTING

```
REPORT          = sy-repid
VARIANT        = it_varid-variant
* MOVE_OR_WRITE = 'W'
* NO_IMPORT    = ' '
* EXECUTE_DIRECT = ' '
* IMPORTING
* SP          =
```

```

TABLES
*   L_PARAMS                =
*   L_PARAMS_NONV          =
*   L_SELOP                =
*   L_SELOP_NONV          =
*   VALUTAB                 = it_rparams.
*   OBJECTS                =
*   FREE_SELECTIONS_DESC   =
*   FREE_SELECTIONS_VALUE  =
*   EXCEPTIONS
*   VARIANT_NON_EXISTENT   = 1
*   VARIANT_OBSOLETE       = 2
*   OTHERS                  = 3

IF SY-SUBRC <> 0.
* MESSAGE ID SY-MSGID TYPE SY-MSGTY NUMBER SY-MSGNO
*   WITH SY-MSGV1 SY-MSGV2 SY-MSGV3 SY-MSGV4.
ENDIF.

  CLEAR it_zbrcs_flag.

  LOOP AT it_rparams.

    READ TABLE it_zbrcs_flag WITH KEY setting_id = it_rparams-low.

    IF sy-subrc NE 0.
      it_zbrcs_flag_ins-setting_id = it_rparams-low.
      APPEND it_zbrcs_flag_ins.
    ENDIF.

  ENDLLOOP.

ENDLOOP.

CLEAR it_zbrcs_flag.

READ TABLE it_zbrcs_flag WITH KEY setting_id = w_set.

IF sy-subrc NE 0.
  it_zbrcs_flag_ins-setting_id = w_set.
  APPEND it_zbrcs_flag_ins.
ENDIF.

INSERT zbrcs_flag FROM TABLE it_zbrcs_flag_ins.

COMMIT WORK.

*ENDCASE.

START-OF-SELECTION.

  it_zbrcs_flag_check-setting_id = w_set.
  it_zbrcs_flag_check-flag = 'X'.
  it_zbrcs_flag_check-flagdate = sy-datum.
  it_zbrcs_flag_check-flagtime = sy-uzeit.
  UPDATE zbrcs_flag FROM it_zbrcs_flag_check.
  COMMIT WORK.

```

Related Content

SAP Help on Information Broadcasting

http://help.sap.com/saphelp_nw04/helpdata/en/a5/359840dfa5a160e10000000a1550b0/frameset.htm

SAP Help on Scheduling broadcast setting

http://help.sap.com/saphelp_nw04/helpdata/en/a5/359840dfa5a160e10000000a1550b0/frameset.htm

FAQ on Information broadcasting

<https://www.sdn.sap.com/irj/sdn/go/portal/prtroot/docs/library/uuid/0bfcac90-0201-0010-52a3-d5b270b86ef3>

For more information, visit the [Business Intelligence homepage](#).

Disclaimer and Liability Notice

This document may discuss sample coding or other information that does not include SAP official interfaces and therefore is not supported by SAP. Changes made based on this information are not supported and can be overwritten during an upgrade.

SAP will not be held liable for any damages caused by using or misusing the information, code or methods suggested in this document, and anyone using these methods does so at his/her own risk.

SAP offers no guarantees and assumes no responsibility or liability of any type with respect to the content of this technical article or code sample, including any liability resulting from incompatibility between the content within this document and the materials and services offered by SAP. You agree that you will not hold, or seek to hold, SAP responsible or liable with respect to the content of this document.